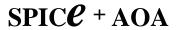
[Pursuant to Schedule I (see Sections 4 and 5) to the Companies Act, 2013)] FORM NO. INC-34



(e-Articles of Association)

*Table F as notified under schedule I of the companies Act, 2013 is applicable to the company
E-VISIONARIES MARKETING PRIVATE LIMITED
A COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ck if	I	Articl e No	Description
			Interpretation
	\boxtimes		I. Subject as hereinafter provided and in so far as these presents do not modify or execute them the regulation contained in Table "F" in the Schedule I to the Companies Act, 2013 (hereinafter called "the act") shall apply to the Company in so far as they are applicable to a Private Company.
			Interpretation
			1. In these articles?
			(i) ?Company? or ?this Company? means E-VISIONARIES MARKETING PRIVATE LIMITED
			(ii) "Office" means the Registered Office of the Company.
			(iii) ?The Act? means the Companies Act, 2013 so far in force and any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force.
			(iv) "Directors" means the Board of Directors of the Company and includes persons occupying the position of the Directors by whatever names called.
			(v) Words imparting the masculine gender also include feminine gender and transgender.
			(vi) ?Articles? means these articles of association of the Company or as altered from time to time.
			(vii) ?Annual General Meeting? means a general meeting held as such, in accordance with the provisions of the Act.
			(viii) ?Capital? means the share capital for the time being, raised or authorised to be raised, for the purpose of the Company.
			(ix) "FEMA" means Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999
			(x) "Member" means the duly registered holder, from time to time of the shares of the company and includes the subscribers to the Memorandum of the company.
			(xi) "Rules" shall mean the Rules issued from time to time (including any statutory amendment or replacement thereto) under the Act.
			(xii) ?Secretary? means a Company Secretary, within the meaning of clause (c) of sub section (1) of section 2 of Company Secretaries Act, 1980, who is appointed by the Company to perform the functions of the Company Secretary under this Act.

		(xiii) "Special Resolution" and "Ordinary Resolution" shall have the meanings assigned thereto respectively by Section 114 of the Act.
		(xiv) "Tribunal" means "National Company Law Tribunal" constituted under the Act.
		(xv) "In writing" or " written" include words printed, lithographed, typewritten, represented or reproduction in any mode in visible form.
		(xvi) ?Extra-ordinary General Meeting? means an extraordinary general meeting of the members duly called and constituted, and any adjourned holding thereof.
		2. Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these Articles shall bear the same meaning as in the Act or any statutory modification thereof in force at the date at which these regulations become binding on the Company.
		3. Words importing the masculine gender also include the feminine gender and words importing the singular number include where the context admits or requires the plural number and vice versa.
		Private Company
		4. The Company is a Private Limited Company within the meaning of Section 2(68) of the Companies Act, 2013 and accordingly:-
		(i) The right to transfer shares in the Company is restricted in the manner and to the extent hereinafter appearing.
		(ii) The number of members of the Company (exclusive of persons who are in the employment of the Company, and persons who having been formerly in the employment of the Company, were members of the Company while in the employment and have continued to be members after the employment ceased) shall be limited to two hundred;
		Provided that for the purpose of this definition where two or more persons jointly hold one or more shares in the Company, they shall be treated as a single member, and
		(iii) No invitation shall be issued to the public or subscribe for any securities of the Company.
		Share capital and variation of rights
		(i) The Authorized Share Capital of the Company is as stated in Clause V of the Memorandum of Association from time to time with power to increase or reduce the share capital of the Company and to divide the share capital for the time being into several classes and to attach thereto respectively such ordinary, preferential, qualified or special rights, privileges or conditions as may be determined by or in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company and to vary, modify or abrogate any such rights, privileges or conditions in such manner as may for the time being be provided by these Articles or the provisions of the Act for the time being in force.
	II	(ii) Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the shares in the capital of the company shall be under the control of the Directors who may issue, allot or otherwise dispose of the same or any of them to such persons, in such proportion and on such terms and conditions and either at a premium or at par and at such time as they may from time to time think fit.
	1	The Company in General Meeting may, from time to time, increase the capital by the creation of new shares of such amount as may be deemed expedient.
		Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the Board may issue and allot shares in the Capital of the Company on payment or part payment for any property or assets of any kind whatsoever sold or transferred, goods or machinery supplied or for services rendered to the Company in the conduct of its business and any shares which may be issued as fully paid up or partly paid up or otherwise than for cash, and if so issued, shall be deemed to be fully paid-up or partly-paid up shares as the case may be. Every member or his heirs, executors or administrators shall pay to the Company the portion of the capital represented by his share or shares which may, for the time being remain unpaid thereof, in such amounts, at

			such time or times and in such manner as the Board of Directors shall from time to time, in accordance with these Articles, require or fix for the payment thereof.
			(i) Every person whose name is entered as a member in the register of members shall be entitled
			to receive within two months after incorporation, in case of subscribers to the memorandum or after allotment
			or within one month after the application for the registration of transfer or transmission or within such other
			period as mentioned in the Act and Rules issued from time to time (including any statutory amendment or
			replacement thereto) under the Act or within such other period as the conditions of issue shall be provided,
			(a) one certificate for all his shares without payment of any charges; or
		2	(b) several certificates, each for one or more of his shares, upon payment of twenty rupees for each certificate after the first.
			(ii) Every certificate shall be under the seal, if any and shall specify the shares to which it relates and the amount paid-up thereon.
			(iii) In respect of any share or shares held jointly by several persons, the company shall not be
			bound to issue more than one certificate, and delivery of a certificate for a share to one of several joint holders
			shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders
			(i) If any share certificate be worn out, defaced, mutilated or torn or if there be no further space
Ш			on the back for endorsement of transfer, then upon production and surrender thereof to the company, a new
			certificate may be issued in lieu thereof, and if any certificate is lost or destroyed then upon proof thereof to the
			satisfaction of the company and on execution of such indemnity as the company deem adequate, a new
			certificate in lieu thereof shall be given. Every certificate under this Article shall be issued on payment of twenty
		3	rupees for each certificate or The Board shall be at liberty to waive payment of any such charges wholly or in
			part.
			(ii) The provisions of Articles (2) and (3) shall mutatis mutandis apply to debentures of the
			company.
			Except as required by law, no person shall be recognised by the company as holding any share upon any
Ш	Ш		trust, and the company shall not be bound by, or be compelled in any way to recognise (even when having
		4	notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share, or any interest in any fractional
			part of a share, or (except only as by these regulations or by law otherwise provided) any other rights in
			respect of any share except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the registered holder.
			(i) The company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by sub-section (6) of section 40,
			provided that the rate per cent or the amount of the commission paid or agreed to be paid shall be disclosed in
		_	the manner required by that section and rules made thereunder.
		5	(ii) The rate or amount of the commission shall not exceed the rate or amount prescribed in rules made under
			sub-section (6) of section 40.
			(iii) The commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or
			partly in the one way and partly in the other.
			(i) If at any time the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class
			(unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may, subject to the provisions of
			section 48, and whether or not the company is being wound up, be varied with the consent in writing of the
			holders of three-fourths of the issued shares of that class, or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at
		6	a separate meeting of the holders of the shares of that class.
			(ii) To every such separate meeting, the provisions of these regulations relating to general meetings shall
		1	mutatis mutandis apply, but so that the necessary quorum shall be at least two persons holding at least one-
			third of the issued shares of the class in question.
l	l]	The rights conferred upon the holders of the shares of any class issued with preferred or other rights shall not,
	$ \; \sqcup \; $	7	unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class, be deemed to be varied
			by the creation or issue of further shares ranking pari passu therewith.
			Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Board shall have the power to issue or re-issue preference shares of
			one or more classes which are liable to be redeemed, or converted into equity shares, on such terms and
		8	conditions and in such manner as may be determined by the Board in accordance with the Act and the Rules.
		1	
<u> </u>			Such preference shares shall be redeemable in accordance with the Act and the Rules made there under.
			Lien
			(i) The company shall have a first and paramount lien-
	$ \; \sqcup \; $		(a) on every share (not being a fully paid share), for all monies (whether presently payable or not)
		1	called, or payable at a fixed time, in respect of that share; and
			(b) on all shares (not being fully paid shares) standing registered in the name of a single person, for all
		9	monies presently payable by him or his estate to the company:
			Provided that the Board of directors may at any time declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the
			provisions of this clause.
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			(ii) The company?s lien, if any, on a share shall extend to all dividends payable and bonuses declared from
		<u> </u>	time to time in respect of such shares. The company may sell, in such manner as the Board thinks fit, any shares on which the company has a lien:
			Provided that no sale shall be made-
		10	(a) unless a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable; or
			(b) until the expiration of fourteen days after a notice in writing stating and demanding payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable, has been given to the registered
			holder for the time being of the share or the person entitled thereto by reason of his death or insolvency.
			(i) To give effect to any such sale, the Board may authorise some person to transfer the shares sold to the
└		11	purchaser thereof. (ii) The purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer.
ı		''	(iii) The purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to the
			shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the sale.
			(i) The proceeds of the sale shall be received by the company and applied in payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable.
	_	12	(ii) The residue, if any, shall, subject to a like lien for sums not presently payable as existed upon the shares
			before the sale, be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale.
			Calls on shares
			(i) The Board may, from time to time, make calls upon the members in respect of any monies unpaid on their
			shares (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of premium) and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed times:
			Provided that no call shall exceed one-fourth of the nominal value of the share or be payable at less than one
		13	month from the date fixed for the payment of the last preceding call. (ii) Each member shall, subject to receiving at least fourteen days? notice specifying the time or times and
			place of payment, pay to the company, at the time or times and place so specified, the amount called on his
			shares.
			(iii) A call may be revoked or postponed at the discretion of the Board. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Board authorizing the call
		14	was passed and may be required to be paid by instalments.
		15	The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.
			(i) If a sum called in respect of a share is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment thereof, the
		46	person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest thereon from the day appointed for payment thereof to the
		16	time of actual payment at ten per cent per annum or at such lower rate, if any, as the Board may determine.
	\vdash		(ii) The Board shall be at liberty to waive payment of any such interest wholly or in part.(i) Any sum which by the terms of issue of a share becomes payable on allotment or at any fixed date, whether
			on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, shall, for the purposes of these
		47	regulations, be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date on which by the terms of issue such
		17	sum becomes payable. (ii) In case of non-payment of such sum, all the relevant provisions of these regulations as to payment of
			interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise shall apply as if such sum had become payable by virtue of a call
			duly made and notified.
			The Board- (a) may, if it thinks fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same, all or any part of the monies
			uncalled and unpaid upon any shares held by him; and
		18	(b) upon all or any of the monies so advanced, may (until the same would, but for such advance, become
			presently payable) pay interest at such rate not exceeding, unless the company in general meeting shall otherwise direct, twelve per cent per annum, as may be agreed upon between the Board and the member
			paying the sum in advance.
			Transfer of shares
	\boxtimes		(i) Restriction on Transfer
			Save as otherwise provided in Article 23, no shares shall be transferred as long as any person, selected by the
			Directors as one to whom it is desirable in the interest of the Company to admit to membership, is willing to purchase the same at the fair value as mentioned hereinafter.
			purchase the same at the fall value as mentioned hereinalter.
			(ii) Notice of intention to sell shares
			Except where the transmission is made pursuant this Article, the person proposing to transfer any shares shall give notice in writing to the Company that he desires to transfer the same. Such notice shall constitute the
			Directors as his agents for the sale of the shares to any member or person selected as aforesaid, for a fair
			value to be agreed upon between the transferor and the purchaser. The notice may include several shares and

		in such case operate as if it were a separate notice in respect of each share the notice shall not be revocable except with the sanction of the Directors.
		A notice to the purchaser shall be deemed to have been duly given if sent by prepaid post or registered post or courier to the purchaser at the address given in the instrument of transfer and shall be deemed to have been delivered in the ordinary course of post.
		(iii) Fair value of Equity Shares
		In case of any difference arising between the transferor and the purchaser as to the fair value of the Equity Shares, the fair value shall be the fair value determined by the Chartered Accountant or Registered Valuer as mutually appointed and the same shall be binding on the transferor and the purchaser.
		(iv) Directors? power to Transfer
	19	If the Company within the space of Ninety days after being served with transfer notice finds the purchasing member or selects a person as stated in Article 19 (ii) and gives notice thereof to the proposed transferor, he shall be bound upon payment of the fair value fixed as aforesaid to transfer the shares to the purchaser with thirty days of the notice. The fair value of a share shall be the fair value as provided in Article 19 (iii) above or as provided in Article 19 (iii) above.
		(v) Default by proposing transferor
		If in case the proposing transferor after having become bound as aforesaid makes default in transferring the shares, the Directors may receive the purchase money and shall thereupon cause the name of the purchaser to be entered in a Register as holder of the shares and shall hold the purchase money in trust for the transferor or the Directors may appoint any person to execute transfer of the shares on behalf of the defaulting vendor. The receipt of the Directors for the purchase money shall be a good discharge to the purchaser and after his name has been entered in the Register of Members in purported exercise of the aforesaid power, the validity of the transfer shall not be questioned by any person.
		(vi) Default by Company
		If the Directors shall not, within the time prescribed in the Article 19 (iv) as aforesaid find a purchasing member or select person as aforesaid willing to purchase the shares or any of them and give notice in manner aforesaid, the transferor shall at any time within sixty days after the expiry of such period be at liberty subject to Article 19 (vii) to sell and transfer the shares to any person and at any price. (vii) Shares to be offered to Members
		Every share specified in the notice given pursuant to Article 19 (ii) hereof shall be offered to members in such order as shall be determined by the Directors and in such manner as the Directors think fit. If no member is ready and willing to take up such shares the same may be offered to any person selected by the Directors as one to whom it is desirable in the interest of the Company to admit to its membership.
		General power to refuse transfer
	20	The Board may at their absolute and uncontrolled discretion refuse to register any transfer of shares and shall not be bound to give any reason for such refusal and in particular may so decline in respect of and upon which the company has a lien or not being a fully paid share and this Article shall apply notwithstanding that the proposed transferee may be already a member. The Directors shall give notice of refusal within sixty days of the receipt of the application to the parties concerned PROVIDED HOWEVER that the Directors shall not be entitled to refuse a transfer of shares made pursuant to Article 19 (vi) hereof.
	21	(i) The instrument of transfer shall be in writing in the prescribed form along with share certificate and executed and stamped by or on behalf of the transferor and the transferee and shall be duly attested. It shall after registration be retained by the Company and shall remain in its custody. The Board of Directors of the Company may register the transfer on such terms as to indemnity and/or otherwise of the Board of Directors of the Company may think fit. All instruments of transfer which the Directors may refuse to register shall on demand be returned to persons depositing the same. The Directors may cause to be destroyed all transfer deeds lying with the Company after such period as they may determine.
		(ii) The transferor shall be deemed to remain a holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register of members in respect thereof.
\boxtimes		The Company shall incur no liability or responsibility whatsoever in consequence of its registering or giving effect to any transfer of shares made or purported to be made by any apparent legal owner thereof (as shown or appearing on the Register of Members) to the prejudice of persons having or claiming any equitable right,
		Dags 5 of 1

			title or interest to or in the same shares notwithstanding that the Company may have had notice of such
		22	equitable right, title or interest, or notice prohibiting registration of such transfer and may have entered such notice or referred thereto in any book of the Company and the Company shall not be bound or required to
			attend or give effect to any such notice which may be given to it of any equitable right, title or interest, or be
			under any liability whatsoever for refusing or neglecting to do so, though it may have been entered or referred to in some book of the Company; but the Company shall nevertheless be at liberty to regard and attend to any
			such notice and give effect thereto if the Board of Directors of the Company shall so think fit.
			Transmission of shares
	\boxtimes		(i) On the death of a member, the survivor or survivors where the member was a joint holder, and
			his nominee or nominees or legal representatives where he was a sole holder, shall be the only persons recognized by the company as having any title to his interest in the shares.
			The executors or administrators of deceased member (not being one of the several joint holders) shall be the only person recognised by the Company as having any title to his shares and the Company shall not be bound
			to recognise such executors or administrators unless he shall have obtained Probate or Letters of
		23	Administration or other legal representation as the case may be from a duly constituted Court in India and
			having effect in the state where the registered office of the Company is situated.
			PROVIDED NEVERTHELESS that in such case it shall be lawful for the Directors to dispense with the
			production of Probate or Letters of Administration or such other legal representation upon such terms as to indemnify or otherwise as the Directors may deem fit.
			(ii) Nothing in clause (i) shall release the estate of a deceased joint holder from any liability in
			respect of any share which had been jointly held by him with other persons.
			(i) Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or insolvency of a member may, upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time properly be required by the Board and subject as
			hereinafter provided, elect, either-
		24	(a) to be registered himself as holder of the share; or
			(b) to make such transfer of the share as the deceased or insolvent member could have made. (ii) The Board shall, in either case, have the same right to decline or suspend registration as it would have had,
			if the deceased or insolvent member had transferred the share before his death or insolvency.
			(i) If the person so becoming entitled shall elect to be registered as holder of the share himself, he shall deliver
			or send to the company a notice in writing signed by him stating that he so elects. (ii) If the person aforesaid shall elect to transfer the share, he shall testify his election by executing a transfer of
		25	the share.
		20	(iii) All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these regulations relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death
			or insolvency of the member had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer signed by that
			member.
			A person becoming entitled to a share by reason of the death or insolvency of the holder shall be entitled to the
Ш			same dividends and other advantages to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share, except that he shall not, before being registered as a member in respect of the share, be entitled in
		26	respect of it to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the company:
		20	Provided that the Board may, at any time, give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered
			himself or to transfer the share, and if the notice is not complied with within ninety days, the Board may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of the share, until the
			requirements of the notice have been complied with.
			Forfeiture of shares
			If a member fails to pay any call, or instalment of a call, on the day appointed for payment thereof, the Board
		27	may, at any time thereafter during such time as any part of the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or instalment as is unpaid, together with any interest
			which may have accrued.
			The notice aforesaid shall-
		28	(a) name a further day (not being earlier than the expiry of fourteen days from the date of service of the notice) on or before which the payment required by the notice is to be made; and
		20	(b) state that, in the event of non-payment on or before the day so named, the shares in respect of which the
			call was made shall be liable to be forfeited.
		20	If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which the
		29	notice has been given may, at any time thereafter, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.

			(i) A forfeited share may be sold or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the Board
		30	thinks fit. (ii) At any time before a sale or disposal as aforesaid, the Board may cancel the forfeiture on such terms as it
			thinks fit.
			(i) A person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the forfeited shares,
Ш	Ш	0.4	but shall, notwithstanding the forfeiture, remain liable to pay to the company all monies which, at the date of
		31	forfeiture, were presently payable by him to the company in respect of the shares. (ii) The liability of such person shall cease if and when the company shall have received payment in full of all
			such monies in respect of the shares.
			(i) A duly verified declaration in writing that the declarant is a director, the manager or the secretary, of the
			company, and that a share in the company has been duly forfeited on a date stated in the declaration, shall be
			conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share; (ii) The company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale or disposal thereof and
		32	may execute a transfer of the share in favour of the person to whom the share is sold or disposed of;
			(iii) The transferee shall thereupon be registered as the holder of the share; and
			(iv) The transferee shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale or
			disposal of the share.
			The provisions of these regulations as to forfeiture shall apply in the case of nonpayment of any sum which, by
Ш	Ш	33	the terms of issue of a share, becomes payable at a fixed time, whether on account of the nominal value of the
			share or by way of premium, as if the same had been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.
			Alteration of capital
		24	The company may, from time to time, by ordinary resolution increase the share capital by such sum, to be
		34	divided into shares of such amount, as may be specified in the resolution.
			Subject to the provisions of section 61, the company may, by ordinary resolution,- (a) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares;
			(b) convert all or any of its fully paid-up shares into stock, and reconvert that stock into fully paid-up shares of
		35	any denomination;
		55	(c) sub-divide its existing shares or any of them into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the
			memorandum; (d) cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be
			taken by any person.
			Where shares are converted into stock,-
Ш			(a) the holders of stock may transfer the same or any part thereof in the same manner as, and subject to the same regulations under which, the shares from which the stock arose might before the conversion have been
			transferred, or as near thereto as circumstances admit:
			Provided that the Board may, from time to time, fix the minimum amount of stock transferable, so, however,
		36	that such minimum shall not exceed the nominal amount of the shares from which the stock arose. (b) the holders of stock shall, according to the amount of stock held by them, have the same rights, privileges
		00	and advantages as regards dividends, voting at meetings of the company, and other matters, as if they held
			the shares from which the stock arose; but no such privilege or advantage (except participation in the
			dividends and profits of the company and in the assets on winding up) shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred that privilege or advantage.
			(c) such of the regulations of the company as are applicable to paid-up shares shall apply to stock and the
			words "share" and "shareholder" in those regulations shall include "stock" and "stock-holder" respectively.
			The Company shall have power to reduce the Share Capital in the manner provided under section 66 of the Act and subject to confirmation by the Court / Tribunal, the company may, by special resolution, reduce in any
			manner and with, and subject to, any incident authorised and consent required by law, -
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			(a) its share capital; (b) any capital redemption reserve account; or
			(c) any share premium account.
			Capitalisation of profits
			(i) The company in general meeting may, upon the recommendation of the Board, resolve?
			(a) that it is desirable to capitalize (Bonus shares) any part of the amount standing to the credit of any of the company?s reserve accounts, or to the credit of the profit and loss account, or investment or
			representing the premiums received on the issue of shares/securities, and standing to the credit of the share
			premium account of the Company or otherwise available for distribution; and
			(b) that such sum be accordingly set free for distribution in the manner specified in clause (ii) amongst the
			members who would have been entitled thereto, if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions.

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		(ii) The sum aforesaid shall not be paid in cash but shall be applied, subject to the provision contained herein below, either in or towards?
	38	(a) paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such members respectively;
		(b) paying up in full, unissued shares of the company to be allotted and distributed, credited as fully paid- up, to and amongst such members in the proportions aforesaid;
		(c) partly in the way specified in sub-clause (A) and partly in that specified in sub-clause (B);
		(d) A securities premium account and a capital redemption reserve account may, for the purposes of this regulation, be applied in the paying up of unissued shares to be issued to members of the company as fully paid bonus shares;
		(e) The Board shall give effect to the resolution passed by the company in pursuance of this regulation.
		(i) Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed, the Board shall- (a) make all appropriations and applications of the undivided profits resolved to be capitalised thereby, and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares if any; and (b) generally do all acts and things required to give effect thereto. (ii) The Board shall have power-
	20	(a) to make such provisions, by the issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise as it
	39	thinks fit, for the case of shares becoming distributable in fractions; and (b) to authorise any person to enter, on behalf of all the members entitled thereto, into an agreement with the
		company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid-up, of any further shares to which they may be entitled upon such capitalisation, or as the case may require, for the payment by the
		company on their behalf, by the application thereto of their respective proportions of profits resolved to be capitalised, of the amount or any part of the amounts remaining unpaid on their existing shares; (iii) Any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on such members.
		Buy-back of shares
	40	Notwithstanding anything contained in these articles but subject to the provisions of sections 68 to 70 and any other applicable provision of the Act or any other law for the time being in force, the company may purchase its own shares or other specified securities.
		General meetings
	41	All general meetings other than annual general meeting shall be called extraordinary general meeting.
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	42	(i) The Board may, whenever it thinks fit, call an extraordinary general meeting. (ii) If at any time directors capable of acting who are sufficient in number to form a quorum are not within India, any director or any two members of the company may call an extraordinary general meeting in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which such a meeting may be called by the Board. (iii) Any General Meeting may be called by giving to the members clear Seven days day's notice or a shorter notice subject to consent thereto is given by the members of the Company in accordance with the provisions of Section 101 of the Act., (iv) Provisions of Section 102 as to explanatory statement to be annexed to every special business shall not apply to this Company, unless otherwise required under specific section of the Companies Act or Rules thereof. **Proceedings at general meetings** (i) No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of members is present at the time
		(ii) The Board may, whenever it thinks fit, call an extraordinary general meeting. (ii) If at any time directors capable of acting who are sufficient in number to form a quorum are not within India, any director or any two members of the company may call an extraordinary general meeting in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which such a meeting may be called by the Board. (iii) Any General Meeting may be called by giving to the members clear Seven days day's notice or a shorter notice subject to consent thereto is given by the members of the Company in accordance with the provisions of Section 101 of the Act., (iv) Provisions of Section 102 as to explanatory statement to be annexed to every special business shall not apply to this Company, unless otherwise required under specific section of the Companies Act or Rules thereof. **Proceedings at general meetings**

	45	If there is no such Chairperson, or if he is not present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, or is unwilling to act as chairperson of the meeting, the directors present shall elect one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.
	46	If at any meeting no director is willing to act as Chairperson or if no director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present shall choose one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.
		Adjournment of meeting
	47	(i) The Chairperson may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present, and shall, if so directed by the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place. (ii) No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place. (iii) When a meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting. (iv) Save as aforesaid, and as provided in section 103 of the Act, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.
		Voting rights
	48	Subject to any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares,- (a) on a show of hands, every member present in person shall have one vote; and (b) on a poll, the voting rights of members shall be in proportion to his share in the paid-up equity share capital of the company.
	49	A member may exercise his vote at a meeting by electronic means in accordance with section 108 and shall vote only once.
	50	(i) In the case of joint holders, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders.(ii) For this purpose, seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the register of members.
	51	A member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee or other legal guardian, and any such committee or guardian may, on a poll, vote by proxy.
	52	Any business other than that upon which a poll has been demanded may be proceeded with, pending the taking of the poll.
	53	No member shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting unless all calls or other sums presently payable by him in respect of shares in the company have been paid
	54	(i) No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered, and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes.(ii) Any such objection made in due time shall be referred to the Chairperson of the meeting, whose decision shall be final and conclusive.
		Proxy
\boxtimes	55	The instrument appointing a proxy and the power-of-attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarized copy of that power or authority, shall be deposited at the registered office of the company not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting except in case of meeting called at shorter notice or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote. A non-member shall not be appointed as proxy and provisions of section 105 of the Act shall not apply to the company.
	56	An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the form as prescribed in the rules made under section 105.
	57	A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid, notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the principal or the revocation of the proxy or of the authority under which the proxy was executed, or the transfer of the shares in respect of which the proxy is given:Provided that no intimation in writing of such death, insanity, revocation or transfer shall have been received by the company at its office before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.
		Board of Directors
\boxtimes		(i) The number of the directors shall not be less than two and not more than fifteen. The following are the First Directors of the Company: 1. Savankumar Pravinbhai Patel 2. Pratikbhai Satishbhai Varli

		None of the directors of the Company shall be liable to retire by rotation.
		(ii) Appointment of Additional Director:
		Board of Directors of the Company shall have power at any time to appoint any person as additional director. Any person appointed as Additional Director of the Company shall hold office for such period and upon such conditions as may be specified subject nevertheless to the provisions of Section 161 of the Act.
		(iii) Power to Fill Casual Vacancy:
	58	Subject to the applicable provisions of the Act, the Board of Directors of the Company shall have power at any time to appoint any person as a Director to fill a casual vacancy. Any Director appointed to fill a casual vacancy, shall hold office only upto the date upto which the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held office if it had not been vacated.
		(iv) Appointment of Alternate Director:
		The Board may appoint any person to act as an Alternate Director for a Director (hereinafter called as 'the Original Director'), subject to the provisions of section 161(2) of the Companies Act, 2013, during the absence of that Original Director for a period of not less than three months form India.
		An Alternate Director shall be entitled to notice of meetings of the Board and to attend and vote there at accordingly, but he shall ipso facto vacate office if and/when the absent director returns to India.
		An Alternate Director if appointed by more than one original director, will be entitled to vote for all original directors but sitting fees shall be paid in respect one director only.'
		Minimum Qualification by Share:
	59	A Director need not hold any shares in the capital of the Company to qualify him to be a Director of the Company.
		(i) Nominee Director:
		Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Board may appoint any person as a Director nominated by any institution, Bank etc.; in pursuance of the provisions of any law for the time being in force or of any agreement.
		(ii) Remuneration of Directors:
		A Director shall be paid sitting fees for each meeting of the Board of Directors of the Company or Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company attended by him, as may be decided by Board of Directors within the limit prescribed from time to time under the applicable provisions of the Act, if any. The Directors shall also be paid their travelling, lodging and boarding expenses and such further remuneration (if any) as the Board of Directors of the Company may from time to time determine.
	60	If any Director be called upon to perform extra services or special exertions or efforts (which expression shall include, work done by a Director as Member of any Committee of the Board of Directors formed by the Board of Directors of the Company), the Board of Directors of the Company may arrange with such Director for such special remuneration for such extra services or special exertions or efforts either by way of a fixed sum or otherwise as may be determined by the Board of Directors of the Company and such remuneration may be either in addition to or in substitution for his remuneration above provided.
		(iii) Contracting with the Company:
		No Director shall be disqualified by his office from contracting with the Company, nor shall any such contract entered into by or on behalf of the Company in which any Director shall be in any way interested be avoided, nor shall any Director contracting or being so interested be liable to account to the Company for any profit realised by any such contract by reason only of such Director holding that office, or of the fiduciary relations thereby established but it is declared that the nature of his interest must be disclosed by him/her at the meeting of the Directors at which the contract is determined if his interest then exists, or in any other case, at the first meeting of the Directors after he/she acquires such interest.

	61	The company may exercise the powers conferred on it by section 88 with regard to the keeping of a foreign register; and the Board may (subject to the provisions of that section) make and vary such regulations as it may thinks fit respecting the keeping of any such register.
	62	All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, hundis, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for monies paid to the company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed, or otherwise executed, as the case may be, by such person and in such manner as the Board shall from time to time by resolution determine.
	63	Every director present at any meeting of the Board or of a committee thereof shall sign his name in a book to be kept for that purpose.
\boxtimes		Appointing Attorneys:
	64	The Board of Directors of the Company may at any time and from time to time by power of attorney, appoint any person or persons to be the Attorney or Attorneys of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretion and for such period and subject to such conditions as the Board of Directors of the Company may from time to time think fit and any such appointment (if the Board of Directors of the Company think fit) be made in favour of any company or the members, directors, nominees, or managers of any company or firm or otherwise in favour of any fluctuating body or persons whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Board of Directors of the Company and any such power of attorney may contain any such powers for the protection or convenience of persons dealing with such Attorneys as the Board of Directors of the Company may think fit, and may contain powers enabling any such delegates or Attorney as aforesaid to sub-delegate all or any of the powers authorities and discretion for the time being vested in them.
		Proceedings of the Board
	65	(i) The Board of Directors may meet for the conduct of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate its meetings, as it thinks fit.(ii) A director may, and the manager or secretary on the requisition of a director shall, at any time, summon a meeting of the Board.
	66	(i) Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, questions arising at any meeting of the Board shall be decided by a majority of votes.(ii) In case of an equality of votes, the Chairperson of the Board, if any, shall have a second or casting vote.
	67	The continuing directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board; but, if and so long as their number is reduced below the quorum fixed by the Act for a meeting of the Board, the continuing directors or director may act for the purpose of increasing the number of directors to that fixed for the quorum, or of summoning a general meeting of the company, but for no other purpose.
	68	(i) The Board may elect a Chairperson of its meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office. (ii) If no such Chairperson is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairperson is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the directors present may choose one of their number to be Chairperson of the meeting.
	69	(i) The Board may, subject to the provisions of the Act, delegate any of its powers to committees consisting of such member or members of its body as it thinks fit. (ii) Any committee so formed shall, in the exercise of the powers so delegated, conform to any regulations that may be imposed on it by the Board.
	70	(i) A committee may elect a Chairperson of its meetings. (ii) If no such Chairperson is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairperson is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present may choose one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.
	71	(i) A committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks fit.(ii) Questions arising at any meeting of a committee shall be determined by a majority of votes of the members present, and in case of an equality of votes, the Chairperson shall have a second or casting vote.
	72	All acts done in any meeting of the Board or of a committee thereof or by any person acting as a director, shall, notwithstanding that it may be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any one or more of such directors or of any person acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such director or such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a director.
	73	Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, a resolution in writing, signed by all the members of the Board or of a committee thereof, for the time being entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the Board or committee, shall be valid and effective as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Board or committee, duly convened and held.
		Chief Executive Officer, Manager, Company Secretary or Chief Financial Officer
	74	Subject to the provisions of the Act,- (i) A chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer may be appointed by the Board for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as it may thinks fit; and any chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer so appointed may be removed by means of a resolution of the Board;

		(ii) A director may be appointed as chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer						
	75	A provision of the Act or these regulations requiring or authorising a thing to be done by or to a director and chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as director and as, or in place of, chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer.						
		The Seal						
\boxtimes	76	No Common Seal is required as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.						
		Dividends and Reserve						
	77	The company in general meeting may declare dividends, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board.						
	78	Subject to the provisions of section 123, the Board may from time to time pay to the members such interim dividends as appear to it to be justified by the profits of the company.						
	79	(i) The Board may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the company such sums as it thinks fit as a reserve or reserves which shall, at the discretion of the Board, be applicable for any purpos to which the profits of the company may be properly applied, including provision for meeting contingencies or for equalizing dividends; and pending such application, may, at the like discretion, either be employed in the business of the company or be invested in such investments (other than shares of the company) as the Board may, from time to time, thinks fit. (ii) The Board may also carry forward any profits which it may consider necessary not to divide, without setting them aside as a reserve.						
\boxtimes	80	 (i) Subject to the rights of persons, if any, entitled to shares with special rights as to dividends, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares in respect whereof the dividend is paid, but if and so long as nothing is paid upon any of the shares in the company, dividends may be declared and paid according to the amounts of the shares. (ii) No amount paid or credited as paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated for the purposes of this regulation as paid on the share. (iii) All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid; but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date such share shall rank for dividend accordingly, unless otherwise decided by the Board. 						
	81	The Board may deduct from any dividend payable to any member all sums of money, if any, presently payable by him to the company on account of calls or otherwise in relation to the shares of the company.						
	82	(i) Any dividend, interest or other monies payable in cash in respect of shares may be paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post directed to the registered address of the holder or, in the case of joint holders, to the registered address of that one of the joint holders who is first named on the register of members, or to sucl person and to such address as the holder or joint holders may in writing direct. (ii) Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent.						
	83	Any one of two or more joint holders of a share may give effective receipts for any dividends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of such share.						
	84	Notice of any dividend that may have been declared shall be given to the persons entitled to share therein in the manner mentioned in the Act.						
	85	No dividend shall bear interest against the company.						
		Accounts						
	86	(i) The Board shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent and at what times and places and under what conditions or regulations, the accounts and books of the company, or any of them, shall be open to the inspection of members not being directors. (ii) No member (not being a director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the company except as conferred by law or authorised by the Board or by the company in general meeting.						
		Winding up						

	87	Subject to the provisions of Chapter XX of the Act and rules made thereunder- (i) If the company shall be wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the company and any other sanction required by the Act, divide amongst the members, in specie or kind, the whole or any part of the assets of the company, whether they shall consist of property of the same kind or not. (ii) For the purpose aforesaid, the liquidator may set such value as he deems fair upon any property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members. (iii) The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of such assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories if he considers necessary, but so that no member shall be compelled to accept any shares or other securities whereon there is any liability.
		Indemnity
	88	Every officer of the company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the company against any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in which relief is granted to him by the court or the Tribunal.

	Subscriber Details											
S. NO	Name, Address, Descript	ion and Occupation	DIN/PAN/Passpor Number	t Place	e	DSC	Dated					
1	Savankumar Pravinbhai Pat C/o Patel Pravinbhai, Ghaul Pardi, Valsad - 396126 PA Nationality : Indian 06/02/2000 Occupation: Bu	Faliyu, Chival, Taluka : N : DEMPP5314D Date of Birth :	DEMPP5314D	Valsad	Valsad		17/08/2022					
2	Pratikbhai Satishbhai Varli Mani Faliya, Nana pondha -396126 PAN : BQTPV93 Indian Date of Birth Occupation : Busines	, Ta: Kaprada, Valsad 64G Nationality : : 01/01/1999		Valsad	Valsad		17/08/2022					
Signed Before Me												
	Name	Address, Description	·	DIN/PAN/ Passport Number/ Membership Number	Place	DSC	Dated					
AC		9-C.M.Rana Complex Rasta, Gundlav, Valsad	, Gundlav Char ! - 396035, Gujarat	55335	Valsad	Patel Deep Deep Kamle Shohaii	17/08/2022					

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